

Investigating the scholarly communications needs of faculty at the University of Saskatchewan:

Is there a role for the University Library?

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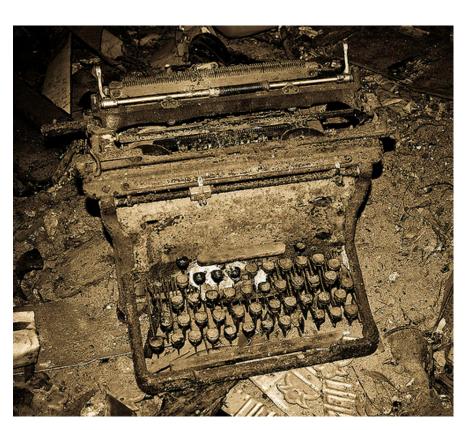


"Scholarly communication can be defined as ...

the system through which research and other scholarly writings are created, evaluated for quality, disseminated to the scholarly community, and preserved for future use..."

Association of Research Libraries (ARL) http://www.arl.org/focus-areas/scholarly-communication

Scholarly communication is changing fast: *Technology*



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Scholarly communication is changing fast: *Environment*

- New publishing formats and economic models for journal publishing
- Funder & institutional mandates on access and archiving
- New forms of peer review and impact metrics
- Rise of social media; scholarly networking sites
- OPEN ACCESS (OA)



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Role of Academic Libraries

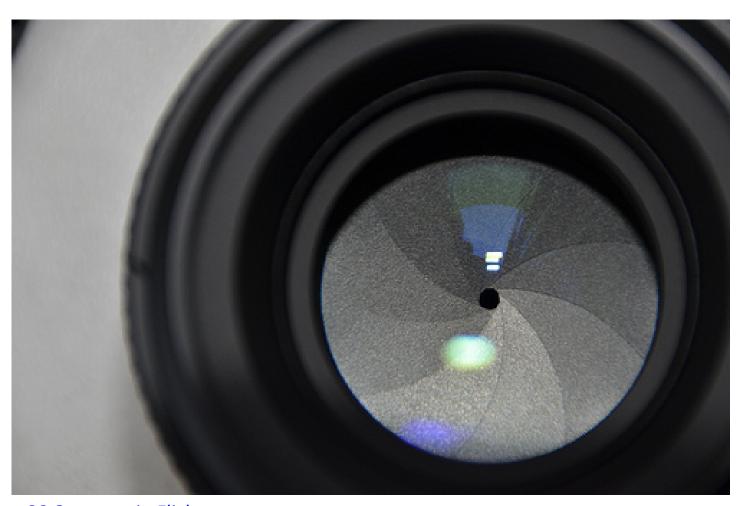
- 2012 ARL survey¹
 - 93% involved in scholarly communications services
 - Libraries "overwhelmingly" the leaders in the institutions on this topic

- 2009 survey of CARL libraries²
 - Majority of libraries involved in OA-related educational activities

Role of Academic Libraries

- Examples of services to support researchers:
 - Institutional repositories (IRs)
 - E-publication hosting and support
 - OA publication funds; memberships
 - Education/awareness-raising on OA tools/resources and author rights issues
- Many libraries have dedicated full-time librarians and staff to this
 - Scholarly Communications Librarians
 - IR managers

Objectives



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Objectives

- To discover the current and emerging needs of U of S researchers in order to determine if scholarly communications services are in demand here
 - To provide an evidence-based foundation for the potential future development of such a program of services

Objectives

• To understand the current publishing behaviours and attitudes of faculty, across all disciplines, at the U of S in response to the growing significance of OA publishing and archiving



Exploratory study

Methods



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Methods

- Short (~10 min) online survey
 Four parts:
 - 1. Current Research and Publishing Activities/Behaviours
 - Open Access Behaviours, Awareness, and Attitudes
 - 3. Needs Assessment
 - 4. Demographics

Methods

- Personal email invite to all faculty in all disciplines
 - 1327 invitations sent
- Survey open for entire month Nov 2012
- Two reminders sent
- Results analyzed in SPSS

Results

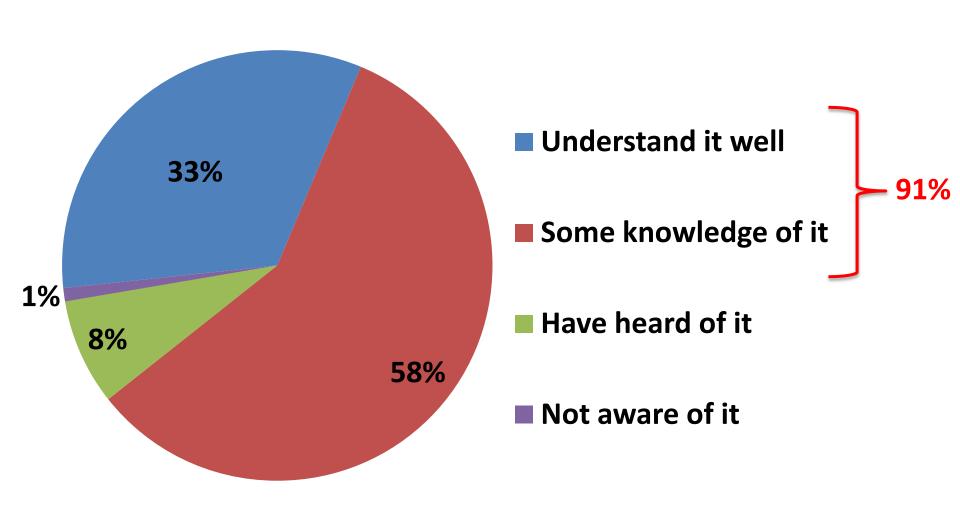


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Results

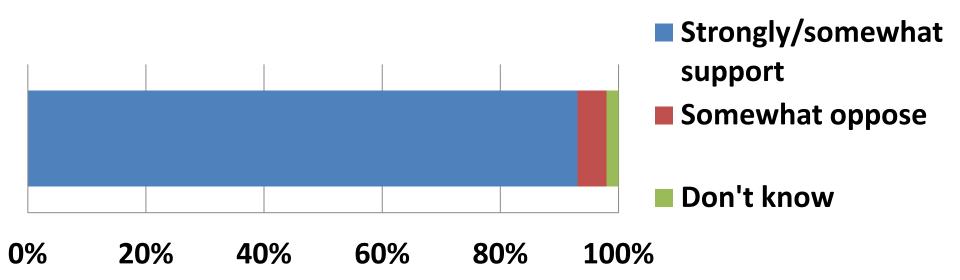


Self-assessed level of understanding of OA

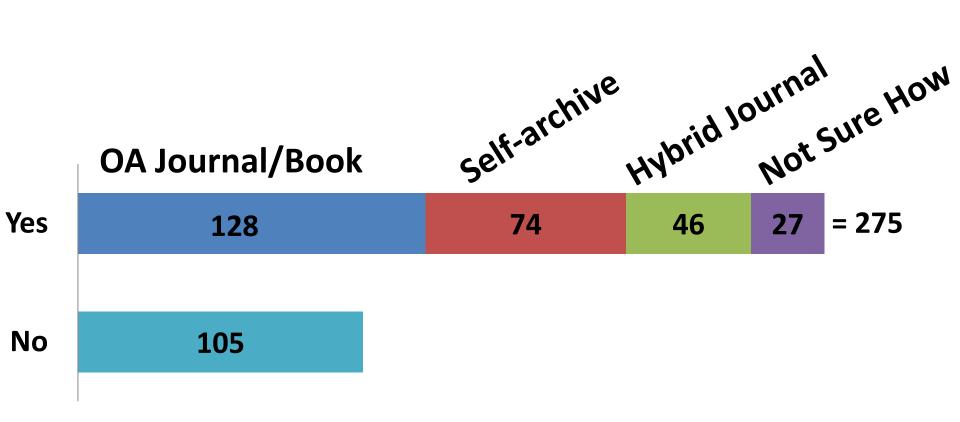


Level of support for "philosophy" of OA

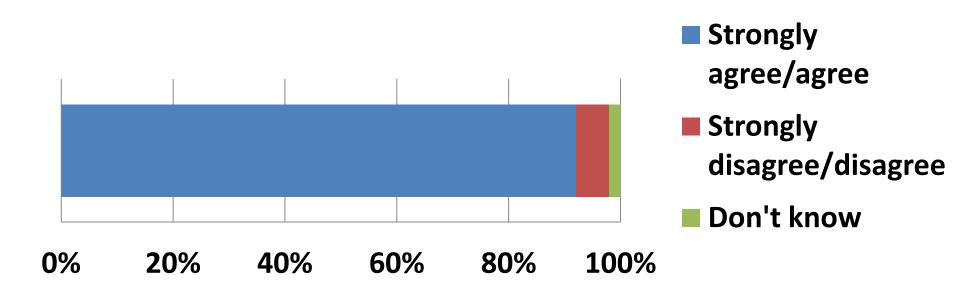
(BOAI paragraph 1)



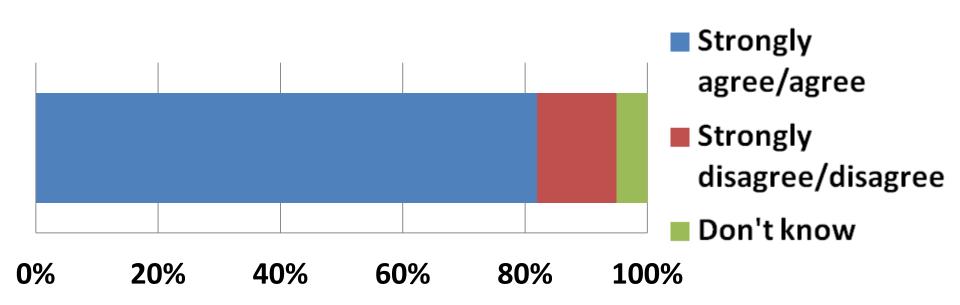
Have you made your publications OA? How? (Check all that apply)



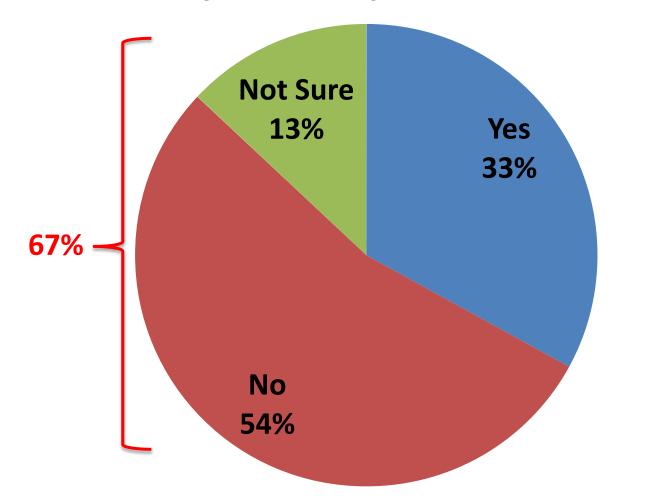
Publicly-funded research should be OA



I do not want to spend my grant funds on publishing fees



Are you aware of a subject repository in your discipline?



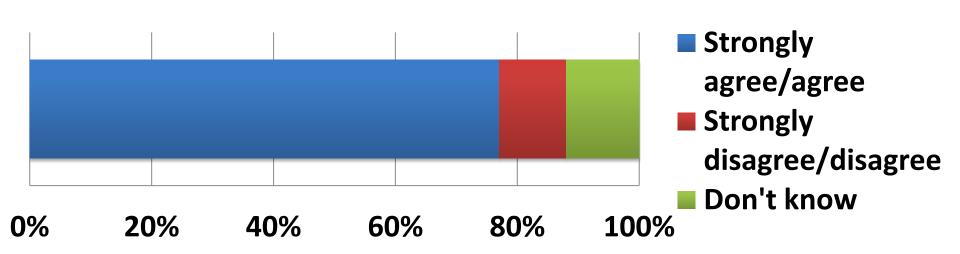
Awareness & Support for OA: Conclusions

= Already a high level of participation,awareness, and support for OA

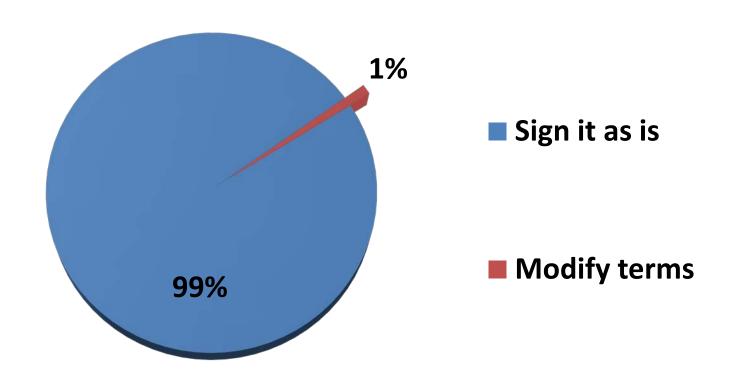
...but resistance to allocating any grant funds to OA author's fees

...and low awareness of where to archive (repositories)

Researchers should retain their copyright



How do you usually handle copyright terms in your publishing contracts?



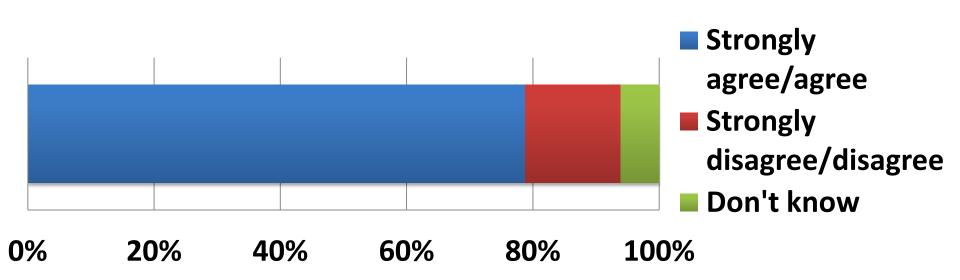
How do you usually handle copyright terms in your publishing contracts?

"What choice do we have? If we want our work published then we must agree."

How do you usually handle copyright terms in your publishing contracts?



I do not have the time/interest/expertise to negotiate copyright terms



Conclusions

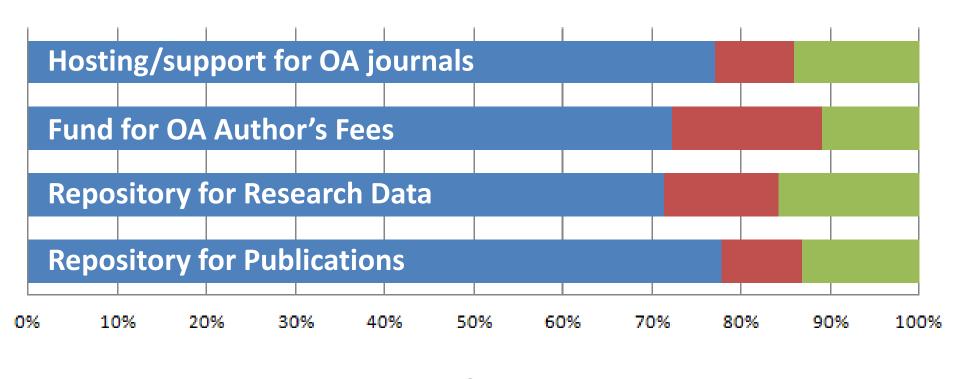
= Highly supportive of authors retaining their copyright

...but in practical terms many are not fully aware of their rights

...and very few follow through on retaining their copyright

Support for Possible Library Initiatives:

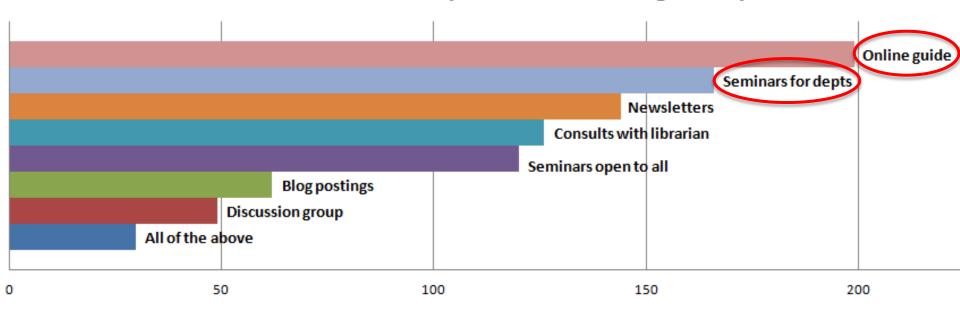
Possible Major Library Initiatives



- Strongly/Somewhat support
- Strongly/Somewhat oppose
- Don't Know

Support for Possible Library Initiatives:

Possible Educational/Awareness-raising Library Initiatives



Top two:

- 1. Online guide
- 2. Seminars tailored to dept/discipline

Support for Possible Library Initiatives:

"If support and guidance were available, I would probably consider more seriously about publishing in an OA journal"

Limitations



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Limitations

- Possible "non-response bias"
 - = those who responded to the survey were already OA supporters
 - = non-responders could have different views



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- Already a high level of general awareness and support for OA
- BUT researchers need more education and practical assistance with:
 - Author's rights issues (e.g. retaining copyright)
 - Repository awareness and facilitation
 - Assistance with author's fees

- Relatively high response rate
- High number of comments
 (80 comments made on one question!)
 - = possible indication of engagement with these issues, and a desire for a forum to discuss them in

- Short Term Recommendation:
 - Online guides
 - Departmental workshops facilitated by librarians
- Longer Term Recommendation:
 - Advocate for partnerships with other units on campus to tackle some of the major initiatives

References

- 1. Radom, R., Feltner-Reichert, M., & Stringer-Stanback, K. (2012). *SPEC Kit 332: Organization of Scholarly Communication Services* (p. 173). Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries.
- 2. Greyson, D., Vezina, K., Morrison, H., Taylor, D., & Black, C. (2009). University Supports for Open Access: A Canadian National Survey. *Canadian Journal of Higher Education*, *39*(3), 1–32.