# Utilization of Microsatellite Markers to Test Purity and Hybridity of Canaryseed Genotypes



### Photo: https://homepaddock.wordpress.com/2009/12/20/

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# Out Line

- Background
- Hybridity Test for F2 Families
- Purity Test in Seed lots
- Conclusion



Photo: http://www.bavisterspetcentre.com/canary-seed-1146-p.asp



# **Background**

Canaryseed (Phalaris canariensis L.),

annual canarygrass, family (Graminaceae). Self pollinated diploid (2n = 12).

Canada is the largest producer (64%) and exporter of canaryseed

over 90 per cent of production grown in Saskatchewan.



Photo: http://www.fao.org/docrep/008/y5831e/y5831e06.htm



Source: FAOSTAT 2013 & Saskatchewan Government, 2013

# Not just for the birds

- ☐ Currently, canary seed has one end use, mixed birdseed,
- ☐ Promising cereal for human consumption and industrial applications.
- √ Canary seed is a gluten free
- ✓ Higher protein content, rich in tryptophan, cystine, and phenylalanine.
- ✓ Five times more lipid than wheat,
- ✓ Size of starch granules (1.5-3.5 µm)



Photo: http://www.birdandreptileproducts.com.au/bird-and-reptile-products/wombaroo-passwell/bird-products/red-factor-canary-s

Ref. Abdel-Aal, J Agric Food Chem. 1997

Ref. www.canaryseed.ca/documents/Canaryseed\_News\_Fall\_2011



- Siliceous hairs are highly irritating human skin or lungs
- CDC developed hairless
  (glabrous) varieties CDC Maria,
  CDC Togo and CDC Bastia.



Photo: http://www.oardc.ohio-state.edu/weedguide/singlerecord.asp?id=50



# Hybridity Test in F<sub>2</sub> Families of Canaryseed.

### **Conventional breeding**

To ensure hybridity of the progenies

- > CGMS
- Emasculation



Photo source: http://www.jugend.co.il/gallery/showphoto.php?photo=133005

### Molecular breeding

- Use of molecular markers
- Finding male parent-specific marker
- Progeny with such marker is a hybrid



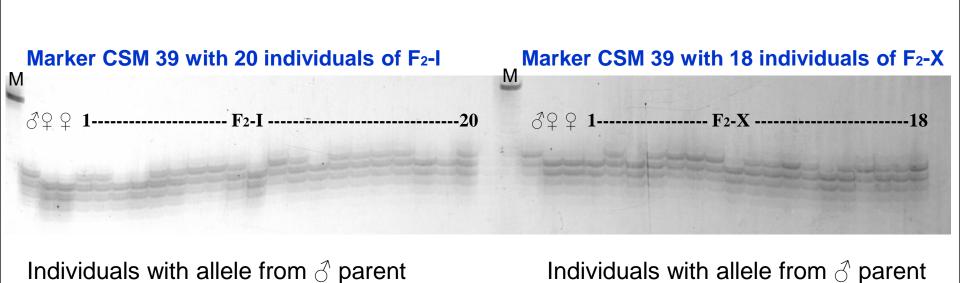
### **Materials and Methods CDC USASK**

**♀ C05091** X **♂ C00038** F1

F<sub>2</sub> Families (11)

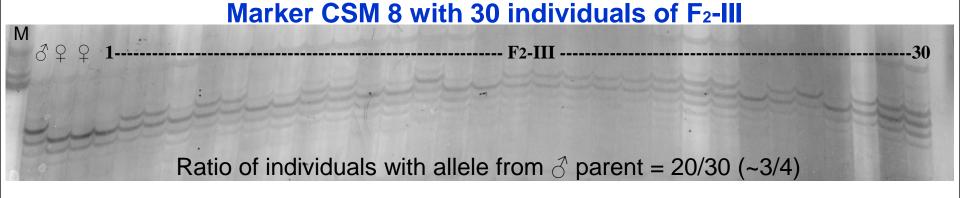
15 SSR primers of relatively high PIC (Li et al., Mol. Breeding, 2011)





Individuals with allele from 3 parent

14/18 ((~3/4) 14/20 ((~3/4)





### Conclusion Hybridity Confirmation of F<sub>2</sub> Families

Family	Marker	Family Size	Individuals Showed Male Parent allele	Hybridity
F2-I	CSM39	20	14	Yes
F2-II	CSM39	29	23	Yes
F2-III	CSM39	30	0	Yes
	CSM8	30	20	
F2-IV	CSM39	16	12	Yes
F2-V	CSM39	15	11	Yes
F2-VI	CSM39	7	6	Yes
F2-VII	CSM39	26	0	No
	CSM8	26	0	
F2-VIII	CSM39	27	27	Yes
	CSM8	27	27	
F2-IX	CSM39	42	32	Yes
F2-X	CSM39	18	14	Yes
F2-XI	CSM39	33	0	Yes
	CSM8	33	28	



# **Purity Test in Canary Seeds.**

- ☐ Hybrid seed contamination during multiplication
- Pollen shedders & out crossing
- Physical admixtures
- > Consequences: segregation of the traits
- ☐ Genetic purity test traditionally,
- Grow-out test (GOT)
- Morphological traits
- Molecular breeding
  - Use of molecular markers
  - Finding line-specific marker
  - Seed lot with foreign line-specific marker





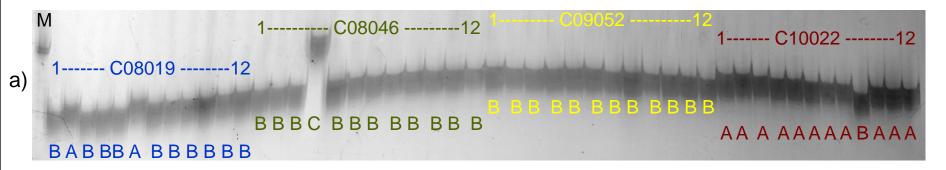
### **Materials and Methods**

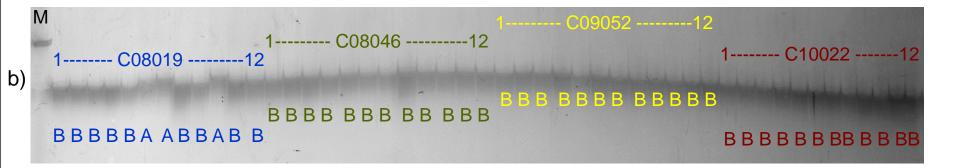
- CDC planted four canary seed lines C08019, C08046, C09052 and C10022 in four plots each A, B, C & D.
- Leftover seeds for each line in the CDC storage, control
- > 15 SSR primers of relatively high PIC (Li et al., Mol. Breeding, 2011)



# **Seed Purity Test**

- > CSM58 with 12 plants
- a) Controls, b) Tested seed lot

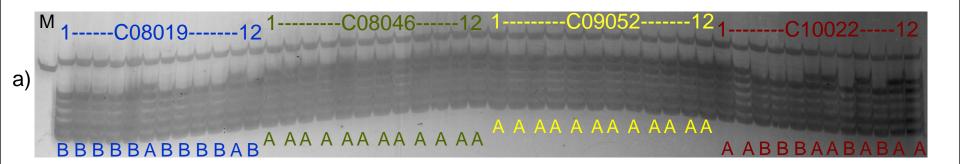


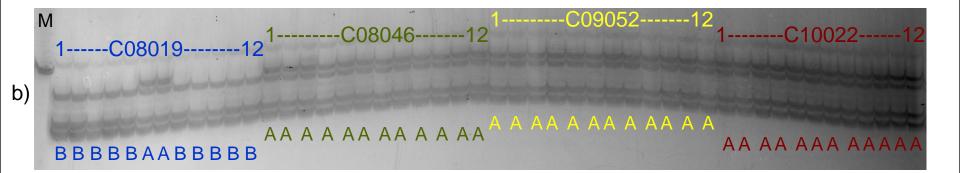




# **Seed Purity Test**

- CSM102 with 12 plants
- > a) Controls, b) Tested seed lot

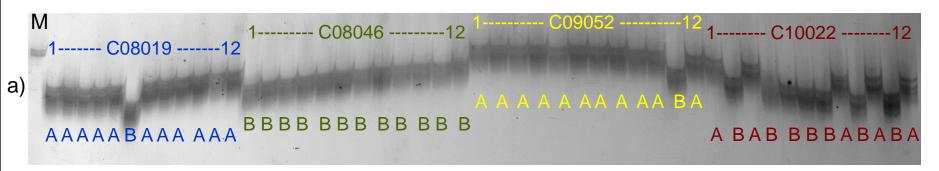


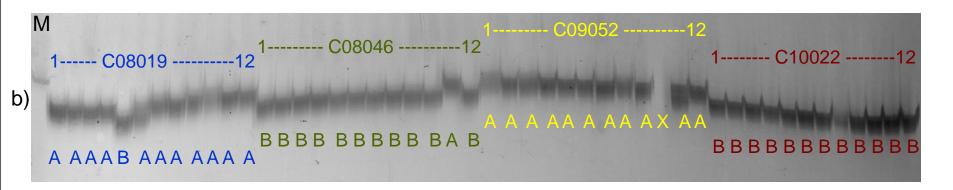




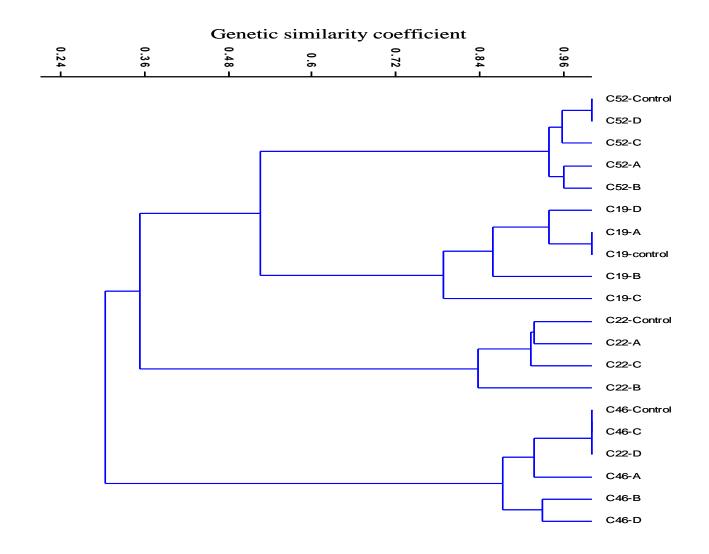
# **Seed Purity Test**

- CSM85 with 12 plants
- a) Controls, b) Tested seed lot











### Conclusion

- > Validation of SSRs for hybridity & purity test
  - ✓ 2 SSRs, 10 of F2 families to be true hybrids
  - ✓ 3 SSRs, physical admixture in 1 out of 16 seed lots

- Possible outcomes
  - ✓ Marker assisted breeding
- > Next step
  - ✓ Linkage between molecular markers and quality traits
  - ✓ MAS



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