## Copyright: An International Perspective

Jean Dryden, MLS, LLM(IP), PhD ABC Copyright Conference Saskatoon, SK 30 May 2019

## Outline

- How copyright works internationally
- WIPO's Standing Committee on Copyright and Related Rights (SCCR)
- Limitations and exceptions generally
- Limitations and exceptions for libraries and archives
- Objective and prospects for success

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## How does copyright work internationally?

- A national regime
  - the law that applies is the law of the country where the work is being used
- International treaties
  - Berne Convention, 1886
  - National treatment principle
  - Signatory countries must give foreign rights holders the same copyright protection that they would give their own citizens and residents



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#### Berne Convention

"ramshackle and disorganized collection of bilateral treaties
... gave way to ... a multilateral regime that established
common minimum standards of copyright protection."

Bently & Sherman (2001), p. 311

#### Berne Convention Article 7

- (1) The term of protection granted by this Convention shall be the life of the author and fifty years after his death.
- (6) The countries of the Union may grant a term of protection in excess of those provided by the preceding paragraphs.



#### Administration of IP Treaties

- 1893 → Bureaux Internationaux Réunis pour la Protection de la Propriété Intellectuelle (BIRPI)
- 1970 → World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)





WIPO Main Building (Arpad Bogsch Building) Copyright: WIPO. Photo: Mercedes Martinez. https://www.flickr.com/photos/wipo/6357936873/in/album-72157626651588626/

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## **Copyright Treaties**

- Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1886-1979 (amended approx. every 20 years)
- Rome Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations, 1961
- Geneva Convention for the Protection of Producers of Phonograms Against Unauthorized Duplication of Their Phonograms, 1971\*\*
- Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Program-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite, 1974\*
- WIPO Copyright Treaty (WCT), 1996
- WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty (WPPT), 1996
- Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances, 2012\*
- Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Persons Who Are Blind, Visually Impaired, or Otherwise Print Disabled, 2013
- \* = Canada has not signed Brussels or Beijing
- \*\* = Canada has signed but not ratified Geneva (c) Jean Dryden 2019

## **Trade Agreements**

- TRIPS (Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights) (1994)
  - An agreement between all the member nations of the World Trade Organization (WTO).
- **CPTPP** (TPP-11) Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership
- CUSMA (NAFTA2.0)
- IP Chapter of Trips requires signatories to comply with the substantive law provisions of the Berne Convention
- IP Chapters of CPTPP and CUSMA require signatories to comply with Berne, WCT, and WPPT



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## Indigenous Knowledge

WIPO's Intergovernmental Committee on Intellectual Property and Genetic Resources, Traditional Knowledge and Folklore (IGC)

- Objective: text(s) of an international legal instrument(s), which will ensure the effective protection of TK, TCEs and GRs.
- Under discussion for nearly 2 decades
- Meets 4 times yearly
- Each meeting focuses on one topic; GRs get the most air time

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## **Terminology**

- Traditional knowledge (TK) is knowledge, know-how, skills and practices that are developed, sustained and passed on from generation to generation within a community, often forming part of its cultural or spiritual identity.
- Traditional cultural expressions (TCEs), also called "expressions of folklore", may include music, dance, art, designs, names, signs and symbols, performances, ceremonies, architectural forms, handicrafts and narratives, or many other artistic or cultural expressions.
- **Genetic resources (GRs)** refer to genetic material of actual or potential value. Genetic material is any material of plant, animal, microbial or other origin containing functional units of heredity.

https://www.wipo.int/tk/en/igc/

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## **SCCR**

#### Standing Committee on Copyright and Related Rights

- Meets twice yearly for a week
- Participants
  - 192 Member States (can introduce documents)
  - ~ 250 Observers (NGOs)
- Reports annually to WIPO General Assembly
  - Makes recommendations to the GA (non-treaty actions)
  - If a treaty is the outcome, a Diplomatic Conference is convened



## SCCR (cont.)

- Member states drive the agenda
- Organized into Regional Groups



African Group, Asia & Pacific countries, GRULAC (Latin American & Caribbean countries)



Group B (developed nations), CEBS (Central European & Baltic States), Russian Federation, China

• Operates on a consensus model

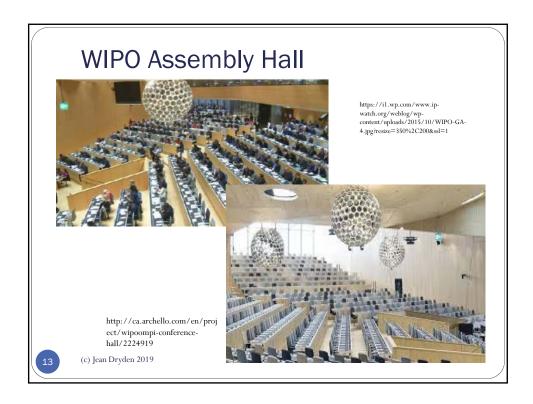


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National Cat Herders Day https://pics.me.me/e-today-is-nationalcatherdersday-this-holiday-is-for-those-10668758.ppg





## SCCR (cont.)

#### Current agenda

- Protection of broadcasting organizations
- Limitations and exceptions for libraries and archives
- Limitations and exceptions for educational and research institutions
- Limitations and exceptions for persons with other disabilities

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## **Exceptions & Limitations**

- Berne Convention's limited provisions for exceptions
  - 3-step test (Art. 9(2))
    - "It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to permit
      the reproduction of such works in certain special cases, provided that
      such reproduction does not conflict with a normal exploitation of the
      work and does not unreasonably prejudice the legitimate interests of the
      author."
  - Reproduction permitted for:
    - Quotations (Art. 10(1))
    - Teaching (Art. 10(2))
    - News of the day (Art. 10bis)

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## Exceptions & Limitations (cont.)

- Topic of exceptions for "education, libraries, and disabled persons" first discussed November 2004
- Evolution of scope of topics:

2004	2019
Education	Education and research institutions
Libraries	Libraries and archives [and museums]
Disabled Persons	Visually impaired persons → Marrakesh treaty (2013)
Disabled Persons	Persons with other disabilities

http://www.wipo.int/aboutwipo/en/stevie\_wonder/



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## Exceptions for libraries and archives

- Separate agenda item since Nov. 2011 (SCCR 23)
- Coalition of advocates led by IFLA (International Federation of Library Associations) and ICA (International Council on Archives)
- Supported by
  - National/regional library and archives associations
    - e.g., CFLA, Library Copyright Alliance (LCA), Electronic Information for Libraries (EIFL), European Bureau of Library, Information and Documentation Associations (EBLIDA), Society of American Archivists
  - Civil society organizations
    - e.g., Knowledge Ecology International (KEI), Creative Commons, Centre for Internet and Society (CIS)



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#### The Goal

• A binding international treaty that will set out the minimum copyright exceptions and limitations required by libraries, archives and museums to fulfil their public interest mission



## What has happened since 2011?

- 15 meetings
- Lots of talking (in plenary, at breaks, and in meetings of regional groups)
- Study on national statutory exceptions for L&A
  - Kenneth D. Crews, Study on Copyright Limitations and Exceptions for Libraries and Archives (WIPO, 2008, 2015, 2017)
- Desire to add museums to L&A
  - International Council of Museums (ICOM) has participated since Nov 2016
- Studies on Museums (2015, 2019), Archives (2019)



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## What has happened since 2011? (cont.)

• Agreed-upon list of topics requiring exceptions (2017)

	TOPIC
1	Preservation
2	Reproduction (for research and similar purposes)
3	Library lending (within the same jurisdiction)
4	Cross-border uses (including library lending across national borders, and parallel importation)
5	Orphan works
6	Limitations on liability of L&A
7	Circumvention of technological protection measures
8	Contracts (can't override statutory exceptions)
9	Right to translate works



## What has happened since 2011? (cont.)

- Action plans (approved May 2018)
  - Regional meetings to discuss exceptions for LAMs and Education and Research Institutions, 2019
    - Singapore (April)
    - Nairobi (June)
    - Dominican Republic (July)
  - Conference, Geneva (October 2019)

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## What is success??

- A binding international treaty setting out minimum exceptions for LAMs
- Success is NOT:
  - "Soft law" (e.g., non-binding principles, model law, guidelines, etc.)
  - Exchange of national experiences



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## Strengths

- Excellent team
- Strong support from regional groups in developing nations
- Support from education advocates
- Chair wants results
- Support from WIPO Director-General
- Weak opposing arguments
  - Inconsistencies in EU position
  - Hard to argue against LAMs



### **Obstacles**

- Powerful opponents
  - EU, Group B treaty not necessary; exchange of national experiences is sufficient
  - Rights holders (publishers, CMOs) -- Everything can be licensed
- WIPO culture
- No superstar champion



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## **Strategies**

- Providing talking points for local delegates to regional meetings
- Draft treaty in our back pocket
- Focus on less controversial topics, e.g., preservation, copying for research/private study, orphan works, non-commercial cross-border uses







Stevie Wonder at Bonnaroo, 2010  $\label{lem:http://www.steviewonder.org.uk/multimedia/photo_gallery/gallery.html}$ 

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# Questions? Comments? Superstar candidates?

Thank you!

Dryden.ica.wipo@gmail.com

